DNA isolation from acrylamide gel.v1

Procedures

- 1. Stain acrylamide gel (4-10%, 1.5 mm thick) by immersing it in ethidium bromide for 20-30 minutes.
- 2. Visualize DNA using the preparative wavelength on the UV box, cut out a piece of acrylamide (as little as possible without losing the DNA) containing the DNA band of interest.
- 3. Place on parafilm and rinse gel with 0.5 ml of 1X TE, drain off all liquid, cut gel into ~1 mm pieces, put into a 1.5-ml eppendorf tube.
- 4. Add 400 μl Elution Buffer, make sure all fragments submerged, incubate in 37°C shaking incubator overnight.
- 5. Spin for 5 min, transfer the supernatant (keep out gel fragments) into a fresh 1.5-ml eppendorf tube. Add 16 μl 5 M NaCl and 1 ml 100% ethanol. Vortex, incubated on dry ice for 10 min and spin for 20 min.
- 6. Wash the pellet with 70% ethanol, drain well and vacuum dry. Resuspend the DNA in 15-20 μl of TEE.

Reagents preparation

Elution buffer

5 M NH4OAc 1.0 ml (0.5 M) 0.5 M EDTA 0.2 ml (10 mM)

Notes

- 1. This procedure works well for fragments below 700 bp (down to 24 bp on 10% gel has worked well) but not in the kb range.
- 2. Check recovery and approximate concentration of isolated DNA on a gel.
- 3. Gel slice contains ethidium bromide, so do not cut out gel slice and store for isolation late otherwise you risk having nicks in the DNA.